

CHARGE THAT DUDLEY
AND POSSE WERE DRUNKWHAT NEWSPAPERS OF ROBIN-
SON, ILL., REPORT.

SHERIFF'S OTHER TROUBLES

The State of Illinois May Want to
Try Dudley on Charge of
Kidnapping.

It is charged by a newspaper of Robinson, Ill., and by citizens, that John B. Dudley, sheriff of Sullivan county, Ind., and his posse, were intoxicated when they took James Dillard back to Indiana, where he was lynched; that Dillard protested against being taken without a requisition, and that the sheriff and his deputies, while they had Dillard bound in from, did not attempt to protect him, but permitted a citizen of Sullivan county, not of the posse, to strike Dillard a hard blow. The taking of Dillard in face of his protests and demand for a requisition is condemned as kidnapping.

It may turn out that Governor Durbin will be called on to honor a requisition from the Governor of Illinois for Sheriff Dudley, and that Dudley will be tried in Illinois on the charge of kidnapping.

The Illinois Law.

The Illinois law provides a punishment of five years' imprisonment or \$1,000 fine or both for kidnapping. The Illinois law reads:

"Whoever, wilfully and without lawful authority forcibly or secretly confines or imprisons any other person within this State against his will, or forcibly carries or steals such person out of the State, or forcibly seizes or confines or imprisons or kidnaps any other person, with the intent to cause such person to be secretly confined or imprisoned in this State against his will, or to cause such person to be sent out of the State against his will, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not exceeding five years, or fined not exceeding \$1,000, or both."

According to the newspapers of Robinson, Ill., Dillard was arrested near Lawrenceville, after being shot with a load of bird shot. Sheriff Dudley took Dillard from Lawrenceville to Robinson. The Robinson newspapers charge, and it is understood that the charge is backed by citizens that were present, that Sheriff Dillard was kept in custody at the Robinson jail, where he was kept for a few days, and then turned over to Dudley and his posse, saying he had no authority to hold him; that Dudley promised that he would take Dillard to Marshall, Ill., and would not take him to Indiana until a requisition from Governor Durbin was obtained. Sheriff Dudley was then taken to the Robinson jail, where he was kept for a few days, and then turned over to Dudley and his posse, saying he had no authority to hold him; that Dudley promised that he would take Dillard to Marshall, Ill., and would not take him to Indiana until a requisition from Governor Durbin was obtained.

Says They Went to Saloons.

One of the Illinois newspapers asserts positively that Sheriff Dudley's posse, while waiting to get Dillard from the jail at Robinson, frequently went to the saloons and became intoxicated.

The hearing before Governor Durbin, December 10, is expected to develop sensational features, particularly if, in the meantime, Illinois asks that John B. Dudley, sheriff of Sullivan county, be turned over for trial. Dudley is holding on as sheriff, although the law says a sheriff shall lose his office when a man is taken from his custody and lynched.

Dudley Says They Were Not Drunk. Sheriff Dudley talked from Sullivan today over the long-distance telephone to The News. He said: "I do not care to make any statement now concerning the charges being made at Robinson, Ill. At the proper time I shall make a full statement."

"What do you say as to charges that you or members of your posse were intoxicated?"

"They are absolutely false."

"Is it true that the negro Dillard objected to returning with you to Sullivan county?"

"As to that, I will make no statement until the proper time."

VISITED BLIND INSTITUTE.

Legislative Committee Assumes It
Will Remain Where It Is.

The legislative committee visited the State Blind Institute this afternoon. Tomorrow it will visit the Southern Indiana Hospital, at Evansville, and Wednesday, the State Normal School, at Terre Haute.

The trustees and superintendent of the Blind Institute are proceeding this year on the assumption that the institution will remain where it is. They are asking for money improvements, the most costly ones to be new dormitories.

It was proposed in the Legislature of 1901 to remove the Blind Institute to the edge of Indianapolis. A fight arose over the disposition of the State land, part of it being used by Indianapolis for St. Clair Park, and the measure to move the institution was defeated.

The reports made by the State institutions to the legislative committee, this year, contain an inventory of all State property, and a description of its condition. Where new buildings are asked, plans are submitted with the reports, showing estimated cost. The reports give the enrollment and daily average population, and set out the names of persons on the pay roll and what service they perform. The letter requesting this kind of report was prepared by the committee with the co-operation of Governor Durbin.

UNDERWEAR

We have some special values to offer in
Men's Winter Underwear at

\$1.00 Per Garment

Elaborate ribbed wool, in tan or blue,
natural gray and silk-finished Underwear;
also plain or fancy-colored Balbriggans,
all at \$1 per garment. These are regular
\$1.50 values.

Wool-fleece-lined Underwear, regular
\$2.00 value.

50c Per Garment

GLOVES

We sell the LeG Gloves, regular
\$1.00 and \$1.50

A new pair for every one that goes
wrong.

SHIRTS

A special drive this week: regular \$1.50
and \$2.00 shirts, attached or detached
collars, for

\$1.00

Danbury Hat Co.

THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS

Statement of
Circulation and Advertising
For the Month of
November, 1902

CIRCULATION

1	.....	74,539	16	.....	Sunday
2	.....	Sunday	17	.....	86,612
3	.....	74,539	18	.....	70,170
4	.....	74,539	19	.....	70,170
5	.....	74,539	20	.....	70,170
6	(Election)	71,326	21	.....	70,135
7	.....	70,289	22	.....	75,752
8	.....	75,306	23	.....	Sunday
9	.....	Sunday	24	.....	70,135
10	.....	68,823	25	.....	70,013
11	.....	68,823	26	.....	70,208
12	.....	67,588	27	.....	67,222
13	.....	70,011	28	.....	70,580
14	.....	67,582	29	.....	74,584
15	.....	75,160	30	.....	Sunday
16	.....	.....	31	.....	Sunday
Grand total			1,906,488		